Amendments to the Claims:

The following listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

- 1-22. (Canceled)
- 22. (Currently Amended) Brazing A brazing method for, through melting of a connecting agent then solidification of this the connecting agent, achieving a mechanical and electrical connection between at least one a first face, of a first piece of an electro-technical device, and at least one a second face, of a second piece of the electro-technical device, said first piece and said second piece being constituents of an electro-technical device, the method comprising: connecting the first piece and the second piece with the connecting agent by locally heating the second piece with a predetermined amount of energy for a first duration of time to only melt the connecting agent, wherein: the first piece being is made starting from: at least onea first metallic material in the form of a foil of a given thickness, this the first metallic material comprising a first main constituent, referred to as the first main constituent, said the first metallic material having a defined first temperature of complete solidification temperature(solidus), referred to as the first complete solidification temperature; and at least onea dielectric interfacing material, the second piece, on the one hand, having. has in a direction substantially orthogonal to the second face, a

dimension appreciably greater than the thickness of the first metallic material in foil; form

making up the first piece, and, on the other hand, being

is composed of a second metallic material, referred to as the second metallic material, comprising a second main constituent, referred to as the second main constituent, the second main constituent at least substantially similar to the first main constituent of the first metallic material, said-the second metallic material likewise-having a second temperature of complete solidification temperature (solidus), also defined, referred to as the second temperature of complete solidification; and

agent made up beforehand of a third metallic material which, referred to as the third metallic material, that comprises a third main constituent, referred to as the third main constituent, at least substantially similar to the first main constituent, this the third metallic material having however a temperature of complete melting temperature (liquidus) which that is lower, on the one hand, than the first complete solidification temperature, and, on the other hand, lower than the second complete solidification temperature.

23. (Currently Amended) <u>The Bbrazing method according to claim 22, characterised in that wherein:</u>

chosen is athe connecting agent having has a defined third complete solidification temperature, the method further comprising:

-forming with the connecting agent at least onea fusible element from the connecting agent that is constituted able configured to be placed in contact with at least one of the faces which are the first face, of the first piece, and the second face, of the second piece, and

-cooling, after having placed the fusible element in contact, at one and the same time, with the first face, of the first piece, and the second face, of the second piece, the second piece is heated locally with a predetermined amount of energy, and this for athe first duration, likewise predetermined, so as to generate firstly solely the melting of the connecting

agent, and then secondly the cooling of saidthe connecting agent to athe defined temperature lower than thea defined third complete solidification temperature.

- 24. (Currently Amended) Brazing The brazing method according to claim 22, eharacterised in that the step of further comprising:

 ______heating of the second piece is begun instantaneously starting from an defined ambient temperature, without this the second piece having to have been heated beforehand in order to bring it to a temperature close to the temperature for complete melting (liquidus) of the connecting agent.
- 25. (Currently Amended) Brazing The brazing method according to claim 22, characterised in that at the endfurther comprising:

after the predetermined first duration, one proceeds to a controlled cooling of saidthe second piece for a second duration so as to remove the energy related to the heating, and this in a second predetermined duration so as and to prevent any thermal degradation of said the first piece and the second pieces.

- 26. (Currently Amended) Brazing The brazing method according to claim 22, characterised in that it uses wherein:
- a first metallic material having a main constituent, referred to as the first main constituent, which comprises is of aluminium aluminum,
- a second metallic material having a main constituent, referred to as the second main constituent, which is of comprises aluminium aluminum, and
- -a third metallic material consisting of an alloy with a main constituent, referred to as the third main constituent, which is of comprises aluminium aluminum.
- 27. (Currently Amended) <u>The Bbrazing method according to claim 22</u>, characterised in that used is a first metallic material and a second metallic material whose

eomplete solidification temperatures, referred to as wherein the first complete solidification temperature and the second complete solidification temperature, are at least substantially similar to one another.

- 28. (Currently Amended) Brazing The brazing method according to claim 22, characterised in that used is a first metallic material and a second metallic material whose complete solidification temperatures, referred to as wherein the first complete solidification temperature and the second complete solidification temperature, are different from one another.
- 29. (Currently Amended) The Bbrazing method according to claim 22, characterised in that it useswherein: the first metallic material comprises aluminum; and athe second metallic material consisting of comprises aluminium aluminum; and having a complete solidification temperature (solidus), referred to as the first complete solidification temperature which is at least equal to six hundred thirty five degrees Celsius (635°C;), the connecting agent consisting consists of an alloy of aluminium aluminum and of silicon with a percentage by mass of silicon which ranges between seven percent and thirteen percent (7% and 13%) silicon and having a complete melting (liquidus) temperature which that is at most equal to six hundred thirteen degrees Celsius (613°). 30. (Currently Amended) The Borazing method according to claim 22, wherein: characterised in that it uses athe first metallic material and a the second metallic material comprising comprise aluminium aluminum containing at least one of the elements which are silicon, magnesium, manganese, copper, and iron, with percentages by

mass which that are such that this the first metallic material has a complete solidification

temperature (solidus), referred to as the first complete solidification temperature, which is at least equal to six hundred thirty-five degrees Celsius (635°C).

31. (Currently Amended) <u>The Bbrazing method according to claim 22</u> ,
characterised in that it useswherein:
-athe first metallic material and a-the second metallic material comprising
comprise aluminium aluminum containing, in particular, silicon, with a percentage by mass o
silicon which ranges between zero point twenty-five and zero point fifty (0.25 and 0.50;) and
having a complete solidification temperature (solidus), referred to as
the first complete solidification temperature, which is at least equal to six
hundred thirty-five degrees Celsius (635°C).
32. (Currently Amended) Brazing The brazing method according to claim 22,
characterised in that it uses <u>wherein</u> :
-at least one the first piece consisting of at least comprises a group of two electrodes
separated by at least one an element of the dielectric interfacing material,;
at least one of these the electrodes being is made starting from a foil of athe
foil of the first metallic material of having a very slight thickness,;
the grouping of said-the electrodes being is achieved such that at least one of
these the electrodes has a free edge which that extends while thus to forming the first face of
the first piece;
at least one other piece, forming an electrical terminal, hereinafter referred to
as the second piece forms an electric terminal, intended configured to be connected
mechanically and electrically to one of the electrodes of the first piece, and i.e. to one of the
electrodes which it comprises,; and
this the second piece being made up such that it has has a the second face able
configured to be substantially superimposed on the first face of the first piece

- 33. (Currently Amended) Brazing The brazing method according to elaim 22claim 25, characterised in that to heat locally the second piece with a predetermined amount of energy, and this for a first duration, likewise predetermined, so as to generate firstly solely the melting of the connecting agent of the fusible element, then, secondly, the eooling of said connecting agent, wherein an induction heating device is used to heat and then controlledly cool the second piece, the induction device having an induction coil and an apparatus- for supplying the induction coil with power, of a determined frequency.
- 34. (Currently Amended) The Bbrazing method according to elaim 22claim 25, characterised in that to heat locally the second piece with a predetermined amount of energy, and this for a first duration, likewise predetermined, so as to generate firstly solely the melting of the connecting agent of the fusible element, then, secondly, the cooling of said connecting agent, wherein a heating device is used employing an electromagnetic field is used to heat and then controlledly cool the second piece.
- 35. (Currently Amended) Brazing The brazing method according to claim 33,

 characterised in that when heating the second piece, further comprising:

 rotating the second piece is set in rotation on the induction coil in such a way as to make the heating uniform.
- 36. (Currently Amended) Brazing The brazing method according to claim 22,

 characterised in that when further comprising:

 heating the second piece forcing the first piece is forced against the second

piece during heating.

37. (Currently Amended) <u>Electro An electro-technical devices</u>, comprising at least one the first piece and at least one the second piece between which a mechanical and electrical connection is achieved according to the brazing method of claim 22.

- 38. (Currently Amended) The electro-technical device of claim 37, where <u>in</u> the second piece defines a housing.
- 39. (Currently Amended) The electro-technical device of claim 38, where <u>in</u> the first piece is a capacitor electrode.
- 40. (Currently Amended) The electro-technical device of claim 38, wherein the first piece is a battery electrode.
- 41. (Currently Amended) The electro-technical device, of claim 39, where <u>in</u> the first piece comprises carbon particles.
- 42. (Currently Amended) The electro-technical device of claim 39, where <u>in</u> the capacitor electrode is a double-layer capacitor electrode.